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MPEG-UD Standard Enabling Responsive Remote User Interface ........................................... 587
Hyo-Chul Bae, Min-Uk Kim and Kyoungro Yoon

Performance Evaluation of Point-Based Image Descriptors............................................. 589
Suresh Sundaram, Yong-Hwan Lee, Youngseop Kim, Je-Ho Park and Han-Sang Cho

Test Case Generation from Cause-Effect Graph Based on Model Transformation............... 591
Hyun Seung Son, R. Young Chul Kim and Young B. Park

Utilization of Luminance and Location for Image Identifier ............................................. 595
Je-Ho Park and Han Auk Kim

Author Index .................................................................................................................. 599
Test case Generation from Cause-Effect Graph based on Model Transformation

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Abstract— In software testing, cause-effect graph assures coverage criteria of 100% functional requirements with minimum test case. The existing test case generation from cause-effect graph implements the algorithmic approach. It has disadvantages to modify the entire program if the input model is different. In contrast, model transformation approach can flexibly implement with even a different input models. In the future, we need to study the method of automatic generation of test cases from UML diagram. It is possible to generate the test case when mapping between cause-effect graph and UML diagram. In this paper, as a first research step, we propose the method to generate test cases from cause-effect graph based on model transformation. To implement the proposed method, we write the rules of model transformation with ATLAS Transformation Language (ATL), and execute the rules in development environment of Eclipse. The implemented tool of the proposed method can be easily extended by rewriting with the mapping between cause-effect graph and UML diagram. We just define the relationship between each models to generate the test case.

Keywords— Model Transformation; Cause-Effect Graph; Test case Generation; Testing; Metamodel

I. INTRODUCTION

Automatic testing is appearing as an important factor because it is able to fast design and execute test case than manual testing. In a part of test automation, the automatic generation of test case can simplify the test during the repetitive development of the complex model, and can reuse test case and execute test even who is not an expert. Therefore, test automation and automatic generation of test cases has a characteristic to save time and money of developers [1]. Because of these features, automatic generation of test cases in software development was carried out many studies [2-5].

To automatically generate the test cases, the existing methods develop test tool using program language. But, the tools written by a programming language is difficult to change it if the input model once determined. When it needs to change the model to use testing tools, developers rewrite the program code to need modification, and recompile it. Because of this point, the traditional programming methods have limitations when the number of models consists of a variety relationship and the frequent changes.

The model transformation [6-7] is able to flexibly implement when connecting to a different input model than the existing method of program because the relationship between the input model and the output of the model is a loose and open to modification. But, to apply the techniques of model transformation, we must have the element such as metamodel, model transformation language (rule), and model transformation engine essentially.

In software testing, cause-effect graph that maps a set of causes to a set of effects assures coverage criteria of functional requirements of 100% with minimum test case. Our final goal is test case generation from UML diagram. But, the existing tools for cause-effect are difficult to map UML diagram. As a first research step, this paper proposes the method based on model transformation for test case generation of cause-effect graph. To implement the proposed method, we write the rules of model transformation using ATLAS Transformation Language (ATL) and execute the rules in development environment of Eclipse.

The proposed method consists of three parts of cause-effect graph, decision table, and test case. Also, the method uses two rules of model transformation. First step translated by model transformation engine to decision table from cause-effect, Second step translated by the engine to test case from decision table. And, we demonstrate the process of test case generation of this method through a case study that is simple calculate program for international post fee.

Our proposed method based on model transformation can be easily extended by when write the mapping rule between cause-effect graph and UML diagram because it uses the model
of each step and defines the relationship between the models to generate the test case.

The paper is organized as follows. Chapter 2 presents the model transformation language such as ATL. Chapter 3 addresses the proposed method for test case generation based on model transformation. Chapter 4 describes a case study about automatic test case generation. Chapter 5 gives conclusion and future works.

II. RELATED WORK

ATLAS Transformation Language (ATL) developed by ATLAS INRIA & LINA is tools for model transformation between models [8-9]. The ATL currently managed by the Eclipse Foundation, which is open source [10]. ATL consist of rules. This rule defines how to get the model elements and convert the target model. Figure 1 that is step of model transformation through ATL show to convert the model to Model-B from Model-A. ATL is based on the Ecore of Eclipse. Ecore has been trying to convert a model and a model for the conversion information includes a metamodel, ATL model according to the rules defined in the translation.

III. THE METHOD FOR AUTOMATIC TEST CASE GENERATION BASED ON MODEL TRANSFORMATION

The proposed method for test case generation based on model transformation consists of two steps showing figure 2. First step (MT1) convert to decision table from cause-effect graph, and second step (MT2) convert to test case from decision table. In this process of the proposed method, the data of input/output models represent XML Metadata Interchange (XMI) [11].

Test case generation of our suggested model transformation consists of two steps such that 1) transforms from cause-effect graph to decision table, 2) also from decision table to test case. Input and output data of model transformation are executed with all XML metadata Interchange [11].

At rule definition step of Model transformation, it defines all transformable elements of each model and relationship, and represents transformation rules with model transformation language (ATL). ATL provides engine, language and test editor for executing model transformation.

IV. CASE STUDY

We show to generate test cases from requirements of international post mail fee calculating program at Figure 3. This requirements represent cause-effect graph. Through easily ATL plug-in [10], it executes with our defined metamodel and model transformation on Eclipse, and then generates test cases.

The calculate program for international post fee:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Weight condition</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S.A</td>
<td>all weight</td>
<td>$11 US</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>weight &lt; 15kg</td>
<td>$10 US</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>weight ≥ 15kg</td>
<td>$12 US</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>all weight</td>
<td>$15 US</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fig. 3. The requirements specification of calculate program for international post fee

To execute model transformation, we represent XMI from modeling cause-effect graph based on requirements. Figure 4 shows cause-effect graph and XMI based on requirements.

(a) Cause-effect graph

(b) Cause-effect’s XMI file

Fig. 4. The input data of cause-effect for model transformation
We input XML file of the modeled cause-effect into model transformation tool, then generate decision table like Figure 5. After executing Model transformation, it generates XMI file of figure 5(b). Figure 5(a) represents decision table to easy understand it.

(a) Decision table

(b) Test case’s XMI file

Fig. 6. The execution result of model transformation to test case from decision table

V. CONCLUSION

In software testing, cause-effect graph assures coverage criteria of 100% functional requirements with minimum test case. In this paper, as a first research step, we propose the method to generate test cases from cause-effect graph based on model transformation. To implement the proposed method, we write the rules of model transformation with ATLAS Transformation Language (ATL), and execute the rules in development environment of Eclipse. The implemented tool of the proposed method can be easily extended by rewriting with the mapping rule between cause-effect graph and UML diagram. We just define the relationship between each models to generate the test case.

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REFERENCES

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